

Orengo Gardens HOA
Planting Guide
2007-2008

<u>Common Names</u>	<u>Botanical Names</u>
Artic Willow	Salix purpurea 'nana'
Azalea various	Azalea
Big Leaf Hydrangea	Hydrangea macrophylla
Boxwood var.	Buxus
Ceanothus var.	Ceanothus impressus
Chinese Holly	Ilex cornuta
Common Lilac*	Syringa vulgaris
David Viburnum	Viburnum davidii
Deutzia	Deutzia gracilis
Dogwood Variety*	Cornus var.
Escallonia	Escallonia
Flowering Thunberg Spirea	Spiraea thunbergii
Glossy Abelia	Abelia grandiflora
Heather	Erica carnea
Heavenly Bamboo	Nandina domestica
Hinoki Cypress*	Chamaecyparis obtusa
Japanese Andromeda	Pieris japonica
Japanese Barberry	Berberis thunbergii
Japanese Holly	Ilex crenata
Japanese Laurel	Aucuba quinata
Japanese Maple*	Acer palmatum
Japanese Snowbell*	Styrax japonica
Juniper	Juniper chinensis
Otto Luyken Laurel	Prunus laurocerasus 'Otto Luyken'
Rhododendron variety	Rhododendron
Southern Magnolia*	Magnolia stellata
Sweet Box	Sarcococca ruscifolia
Variegated Japanese Euonymus	Euonymus japonicus
Viburnum Tinus	
Vine maple*	Acer circinatum
Winter Daphne	Daphne odora
Yew	Taxus baccata

* denotes a small tree

Above you have a list including most of the regularly found plants in our development. These and others are what keep our community consistent, so when making changes to the fronts of your homes please consult the list and the web sites below:

<http://oregonstate.edu/dept/ldplants/>

<http://www.sunset.com/sunset/garden/0,20664,,00.html>

Plants that will not be maintained by Showplace

Herbaceous Perennials:

plants have stems that die at the end of the growing season. New growth forms from the roots or from underground stems or from crown tissue at the surface of the ground. Examples include bulbs, Peonies, Hosta, and grasses.

Annuals(except in the common areas around the monuments):

refers to a plant grown outdoors in the spring and summer and surviving just for one growing season.

Biennials:

flowering plant that takes two years to complete its lifecycle. In the first year the plant grows leaves, stems, and roots (vegetative structures); then it enters a period of dormancy over the colder months. Usually, the stem remains very short and the leaves are low to the ground, forming a rosette. Many biennials require a cold treatment, or vernalization, before they will flower. The next spring/summer the stem of the biennial plant elongates greatly, or bolts. The plant then flowers, producing fruits and seeds before it finally dies.

Vine plants:

- Clematis
- Wisteria
- Ivy
- Etc

Lace Leaf Japanese Maples

- Upright
- Weeping

Bamboo

Ornamental Grasses

- Flax
- Lilies

Palm Trees

Roses

Sculptures Plants

- plants that have been professionally pruned to a specific shape

Specimen Plants

- plants that do not readily exist in the Orenco Gardens development or have been specially chosen for a specific purpose